Shropshire Council Legal and Democratic Services Shirehall Abbey Foregate Shrewsbury SY2 6ND

9 April 2021

Committee: Health & Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee

Date:Monday 19 April 2021Time:11.00 am - please note the later than usual start timeVenue:VIRTUAL MEETING

Members of the public will be able to listen to this meeting by clicking on this link:

https://www.shropshire.gov.uk/healthandadultsocialcareoverviewandscrutinycommittee19april/

- Please note that this meeting will be made available through Microsoft Teams Live Events your device will need to meet the minimum specification as detailed on the Microsoft website at this link: <u>Device Specification</u>
- You will need to download MS Teams (free) and click on the link to listen to the meeting if you are using a PC
- If using a mobile device, you will need to download the MS Teams app (free) before clicking the link
- Use the link at 11.00 am on the day of the meeting and click on 'Join as Guest'
- You may receive an error message or a request for login details if you try to gain access before 11.00 am

You are requested to attend the above meeting. The Agenda is attached

Claire Porter Director of Legal and Democratic Services (Monitoring Officer)

Members of Health & Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee

Karen Calder (Chair) Madge Shineton (Vice Chair) Roy Aldcroft Gerald Dakin Kate Halliday Simon Harris Tracey Huffer Simon Jones Heather Kidd Paul Milner Dean Carroll Rob Gittins

Your Committee Officer is: amanda.holyoak@shropshire.gov.uk 01743 257714



www.shropshire.gov.uk General Enquiries: 0845 678 9000

Printed on recycled paper

AGENDA

1 Apologies for Absence

2 Disclosure of Pecuniary Interests

3 Minutes

To confirm the minutes of the meetings held on 9 November 2020 and 25 January 2021 (to follow)

4 **Public Question Time** (Pages 1 - 8)

To receive any questions or petitions from the public, notice of which has been given in accordance with Procedure Rule 14. The deadline for this meeting is 10.00 am on Thursday 15 April 2021

Attached for information is a copy of responses provided to questions asked at the meeting on 25 January 2021 which it was not possible to provide full answers to at that meeting.

5 Member Question Time

To receive any questions of which members of the Council have given notice. Deadline for notification is 5.00 pm on Wednesday 14 April 2021

6 Delivering Public Health Outcomes - Update

To review the memorandums of understanding for substituted services, report to follow

7 Adult Mental Health

To understand commissioning arrangements for adult mental health services and scrutinise how Shropshire Council works with health service partners to provide support to patients, report to follow.

Agenda Item 4



Committee and Date

Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee

date

<u>ltem</u>

(leave blank)

Public

Responses to questions previously submitted to the committee

Responsible officer

Danial Webb – overview and scrutiny officer danial.webb@shropshire.gov.uk 01743 258509

1.0 Summary

1.1 This report provides the committee with responses from Shropshire Council to questions asked by a member of the public at the committee's meeting on 25 January 2021.

2.0 Recommendations

2.1 The committee is asked to note the report.

REPORT

3.0 Risk assessment and opportunities appraisal

3.1 This report is for information only. Officers have therefore undertaken no risk assessment or appraisal of opportunities.

4.0 Financial implications

4.1 This report is for information only. Its recommendations have no financial implications.

5.0 Climate change appraisal

5.1 This report is for information only. Its recommendations have no climate change implications.

6.0 Background

- 6.1 On 21 January 2021, a member of the public submitted five questions to the next meeting of the Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee:
 - Will the committee please investigate further why the percentages of deaths in care homes in Shropshire from mid-September continued to be higher than CQC comparator areas below for weeks 38-53, while

percentages of Shropshire Covid-19 deaths in hospital were lower? This could be critical if care homes are to be protected from further surges in cases.

- How many of Shropshire's 120 homes have had any gaps in their serial Covid-19 testing timetable (i.e. weekly for staff and monthly for residents) since the beginning of September 2020?
- How many of Shropshire's 120 care homes have, as of today (19.01.21), received the vaccination? What additional safeguards will be put in place if some staff or residents decline the vaccination?
- How many patients with a positive test for Covid-19 have been admitted to and/or discharged from hospital into any of Shropshire's care homes since the beginning of September 2020?
- The Adult Social Care Infection Control Fund (May and July 2020) was allocated on a per-bed basis via local authorities to operators (care providers). Its six measures were intended to reduce infection transmission between and within care homes. In the interests of transparency is the committee able to provide a break down of what proportion of the fund has been used to support each of the six broad infection control measures in Shropshire care homes?
- 6.2 The work required to answers these questions fully meant that there was not enough time to prepare a response in time for the meeting. Shropshire Council sent its written response to the questions on 24 February 2021.
- 6.3 The questions and their answers are attached as **appendix 1**.

List of background papers (This MUST be completed for all reports, but does not include items containing exempt or confidential information)

Cabinet member (portfolio holder)

Cllr Dean Carroll – Portfolio Holder for Adult Social Services and Climate Change

Local member

All

Appendices

Shropshire Health & Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee 25 January 2021 – Public Questions from Diane Peacock

Shropshire Health & Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee 25 January 2021

Public Questions from Diane Peacock

Q1. Will the committee please investigate further why the percentages of deaths in care homes in Shropshire from mid-September continued to be higher than CQC comparator areas below for weeks 38-53, while percentages of Shropshire Covid-19 deaths in hospital were lower?¹ This could be a critical if care homes are to be protected from further surges in cases.

Thank you for your enquiry. We do appreciate the concern in regards to the number of deaths in care homes. We would like to offer more information about the preventative measures we have supported as a Council and about the data and some of the contributing factors.

Shropshire has a very high number of care homes in the county, with 3500 beds registered with CQC. There are 117 care homes, the highest number for a rural locality in the West midland region. We have further analysed the local data below for information.

Reported hospital deaths in the period weeks 38 -53 show that 79 deaths were registered. Of these 79 deaths we are not able to identify which cases were in care homes before admission to hospital, as this data is not collated.

ω

This data does not explicitly identify care home residents who were transferred to hospital and sadly died in hospital. Nor does it explicitly identify the number of residents in care homes who were sadly nearing the end of their lives. Our care homes take a respectful approach to end of life and where residents express a wish to die at home this wish is respected.

We can't analyse in this level of detail in other areas of the country so can't comment on death rates in other counties. <u>https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/deaths/datasets/deathsduetocovid19bylocalareaandde</u> <u>privation</u> -

Table 1 breaks down the number of deaths and age-standardised rates for people by local authorities for the year. By looking at rates due to COVID, the 10-month total shows: is 323 deaths for a rate of 93.2. A higher rate would indicate that more deaths are occurring in younger people.

We have picked out those areas highlighted by Dr Peacock for comparison:

	10-mo	onth period	March - De	cember	Monthly Rate					
	Deaths	Rate	Lower CI	Upper CI	September	October	November	December		
Cheshire East	632	159.2	146.8	171.7		35.4 (19.3 -	110.2 (79.7 –	180.7 (141.6 –		
						59.4)	148.5)	227.3)		
Cheshire West and	543	166.9	152.8	180.9		40.2 (21.2 -	214.6 (166.9 -	257.0 (205.2 –		
Cheshire						69)	271.7)	317.9)		
Cornwall	228	38.3	33.3	43.3			23 (12.6 – 38.6)	31 (18.6 -48.4)		
Wiltshire	446	91.4	82.9	99.9			88.2 (63.5 –	102.2 (76-		
	440	31.4	02.9	99.9			119.2)	134.4)		
Northumberland	448	134.5	122.0	147.0		148 (109.6 –	181.2 (137.8 –	209.6 (163.6 -		
						195.4)	233.8)	264.5)		
SHROPSHIRE	323	93.2	83.0	103.4		34.6 (17.7 –	115.2 (81.7 –	111.2 (79 –		
	525	30.2	00.0	103.4		60.8)	157.8)	152.1)		
WEST MIDLANDS	8,183	167.5	163.8	171.1	15.1 (11.8-	54.7 (48.2-	212.6 (199.5 –	285.6 (270.7 –		
					19.1)	61.2)	225.6)	300.5)		
ENGLAND	69,041	149.8	148.7	150.9	13 (12.0 –	64.1 (61.9 -	191.3 (187.2 –	233.6 (229.2 -		
					14.1)	66.4)	195.3)	238)		

Table 1

Shropshire has a lower rate than most areas shown which suggests Shropshire is doing well comparatively with only Cornwall significantly lower – and Cornwall was an area which in the past had far fewer COVID cases than most other counties.

We have, sadly, had a number of outbreaks in care homes which specialise in the care of individuals who have dementia. In some cases, the nature of the condition of residents means that it is more complex to control infection, particularly in individuals who wander.

Page 4

It is important to recognise that Shropshire has a proportionally high number of care homes and demographically our county has a high proportion of individuals who are older than 65 years.

In addition, there are a large number of care homes in Shropshire who specialise in the care of frail individuals including those with dementia, this group of people are unfortunately vulnerable.

The Adult Social Care and Infection Control teams monitor Covid outbreaks daily in care homes. They also have robust mechanisms in place to support the providers of care in the county.

In summary, the factors that could influence the level of morbidity is:

- Shropshire has a higher percentage of population that is older in comparison with other areas, and thus likely a higher care home population
- Currently, the new variant of the Covid virus is highly transmissible. When it is transmitted into care homes, particularly those with older people it has spread quickly despite control measures being in place
- Comparing the proportion of care home to hospital deaths in each of the areas the proportions of deaths are similar. This indicates that the virus had a similar impact on morbidity across all 6 areas. It should be noted that Cheshire East and Cheshire West and Chester have a lower elderly proportion of the population.

Q2. How many of Shropshire's 120 homes have had any gaps in their serial Covid-19 testing timetable (i.e. weekly for staff and monthly for residents) since the beginning of September 2020?

There are currently 117 care homes operating in Shropshire. All homes have received significant support both practically and financially in order to implement the governments testing regime throughout the pandemic. Currently care homes are required to do PCR test on a weekly basis and recommended to do an additional 2 lateral flow tests every week for every member of staff. Care homes are required to upload their data for testing onto national portal systems rather than local ones and the council do not collate the data for the thousands of tests done every week. Positive tests are reported though to Public Health and any issues with outbreaks will trigger public health support and homes in outbreak situations report testing though the incident management team that works with every home in an outbreak situation.

The Council have been giving homes significant levels of support advice and guidance to ensure that all of this work can be done expediently and safely in every home. We have also worked to support homes where there have been issues with testing supplies, training for staff to be competent at testing, support from professional infection control staff, access to lateral flow testing centres, financial support through the distribution and monitoring of grant funding and other support where outbreaks occur across social care and public health teams

Q3. How many of Shropshire's 120 care homes have, as of today (19.01.21), received the vaccination? What additional safequards will be put in place if some staff or residents decline the vaccination?

100 % of Shropshire care homes Have been supported by their GPs to access vaccinations within the home - as of the 18th of February 2021 92% of care home residents have received their vaccinations. The remaining 8% have either refused vaccinations or are too unwell to have them at this time and follow up visits from GP's are planned. As well as visits for second doses.

Where individuals refuse vaccinations the reasons for this are collated and individuals are supported to make informed decisions through T sharing information where appropriate to dispel myths about vaccine safety and shared data about vaccine positive outcomes.

At this time 78% of all employed staff have been vaccinated. The care home sector is also receiving weekly communications about access O to vaccines frequently asked questions about vaccines, and other general information to ensure that everybody can be as well informed as possible.,

Q4. How many patients with a positive test for Covid-19 have been admitted to and/or discharged from hospital into any of Shropshire's care homes since the beginning of September 2020?

In regards discharge, hospital patients who are positive and have completed their acute period of care but require ongoing support in a care home setting are discharged into a designated setting as set out in government guidance. Therefore, we can be assured that no one with a positive test has been discharged from hospital into an ordinary care home setting since this time.

Care homes are picking up infections quickly through regular testing. However, the time taken for the infection to develop means that it is not possible to define exactly the day on which a care resident contracts the virus. We can only be sure of the day that the swab is taken. Patients who test positive for Covid can test positive 14 days after exposure.

In regards to admission, Care home residents with a positive test are transferred to hospital when they require acute hospital treatment. This is done using Covid secure procedures. However, it is also possible that residents with a negative test are incubating Covid and are transferred to hospital for another reason. This infection may then be picked up on admission. The numbers of care residents who tested positive and were admitted to hospital is not a record that is specifically held by Shropshire Council. This data may be available from the health sector SaTH and Agnes Jones and Robert Hunt.

Q5. The Adult Social Care Infection Control Fund⁴ (May and July 2020) was allocated on a per-bed basis via local authorities to operators (care providers). Its six measures were intended to reduce infection transmission between and within care homes. In the interests of transparency is the committee able to provide a breakdown of what proportion of the fund has been used to support each of the six broad infection control measures in Shropshire care homes?

The following table contains all of the information we are able to share on this – it is in the public domain on the DHSC website <u>Adult Social Care</u> <u>Infection Control Fund - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u> and also on our own website <u>Strategies</u>, <u>policies</u> and <u>procedures | Shropshire Council</u>

Τ

a													
age 7	First tranche payment allocated to each local	First tranche payment dispensed by each local	Number of care home providers who have	Number of domiciliary care providers who have	Number of other providers who have	Number of providers who have used funding for measures to isolate residents within their		Number of providers who have used funding for paying staff full wages while isolating following a	Number of providers who have used funding on	Proportion of LA allocation spent on measures to isolate residents within their	Proportion of LA allocation spent on actions to restrict staff movement	Proportion of LA allocation spent on paying staff full wages while isolating	Proportion of LA allocation spent on
Local	authority	authority	received	received	received	own care	Additional	positive	other	own care	within care	following a	other
authority	(£)	(£)	funding	funding	funding	homes	information	test	measures	homes	homes	positive test	measures
Shropshire	2,300,790	2,190,193	108	83	0	56	54	53	50	24%	23%	24%	29%

This page is intentionally left blank